

Meta-analysis to calculate risk ratio for a medication administration error following a double-check by a nurse (compared with no double-check)

Data extracted from literature

Study	DC_err	DC_no	SC_err	SC_no
Kruse H, Johnson A, O'Connell D, Clarke T. Administering non-restricted medications in hospitals: the implications and cost of using two nurses. Australian Clinical Rev. 1992;12(77-83)	92	43336	120	40155
Douglass AM, Elder J, Watson R, Kallay T, Kirsh D, Robb WG et al. A randomized controlled trial on the effect of a double check on the detection of medication errors. Ann Emer Med. 2018;71(1):74-82 e1. doi:10.1016/j.annemergmed.2017.03.022 Weight-based error	14	7	20	2
Douglass AM, Elder J, Watson R, Kallay T, Kirsh D, Robb WG et al. A randomized controlled trial on the effect of a double check on the detection of medication errors. Ann Emer Med. 2018;71(1):74-82 e1. doi:10.1016/j.annemergmed.2017.03.022 Vial error	0	11	6	7
Modic MB, Albert NM, Sun Z. Does an insulin double-checking procedure improve patient safety? J Nurs Adm. 2016;46(3):154-60.	574	1419	1189	2054

Variable names:

DC_error: number of doses given with a double check that contained an error

DC_no: number of doses given with a double check that did not contain an error

SC_error: number of doses given with a single check that contained an error

SC_no: number of doses given with a single check that did not contain an error

STATA v16.0 output

```
. meta esize DC_err DC_no SC_err SC_no, esize(lnratio)
```

Study information

No. of studies: 4

Study label: Generic

Study size: `_meta_studysize`

Summary data: DC_err DC_no SC_err SC_no

Effect size

Type: Inratio

Label: Log Risk-Ratio

Variable: `_meta_es`

Zero-cells adj.: 0.5, only0

Precision

Std. Err.: `_meta_se`

CI: [`_meta_cil`, `_meta_ciu`]

CI level: 95%

Model and method

Model: Random-effects

Method: REML

```
. meta summarize, random(reml)
```

Effect-size label: Log Risk-Ratio

Effect size: `_meta_es`

Std. Err.: `_meta_se`

Meta-analysis summary

Number of studies = 4

Random-effects model Heterogeneity:
Method: REML tau2 = 0.0000
 I2 (%) = 0.00
 H2 = 1.00

```
-----+-----
      Study | Log Risk-Ratio [95% Conf. Interval] % Weight
-----+-----
Study 1 |   -0.341   -0.612   -0.070   8.01
Study 2 |   -0.310   -0.640    0.020   5.41
Study 3 |  -2.411   -5.182    0.360   0.08
Study 4 |  -0.241   -0.324   -0.159  86.51
-----+-----
theta |   -0.255   -0.332   -0.178
```

Test of theta = 0: z = -6.50 Prob > |z| = 0.0000
Test of homogeneity: Q = chi2(3) = 2.92 Prob > Q = 0.4036

. meta summarize, random(reml) predinterval nostudies

Effect-size label: Log Risk-Ratio

Effect size: `_meta_es`

Std. Err.: `_meta_se`

Meta-analysis summary Number of studies = 4
Random-effects model Heterogeneity:
Method: REML tau2 = 0.0000
 I2 (%) = 0.00
 H2 = 1.00

theta: Overall Log Risk-Ratio

	Estimate	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
theta	-.2547498	.039166	-6.50	0.000	-.3315137 -.1779858

95% prediction interval for theta: [-0.423,-0.086]

Test of homogeneity: $Q = \chi^2(3) = 2.92$ Prob > Q = 0.4036